STATE OF ILLINOIS ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION

)
)
)
) Docket 11-0210
)
)
)
)
)
) Docket 11-0211
)
)
)
)
) Consolidated

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

JAMES E. STIDHAM

ON BEHALF OF AT&T ILLINOIS

MAY 9, 2011

1	Q.	WHAT IS YOUR NAME, TITLE AND BUSINESS ADDRESS?
2	A.	My name is James E. Stidham, Jr. My title is Area Manager-Regulatory Planning and
3		Policy. My business address is 555 East Cook Street, Room 01018, Springfield, Illinois
4		62703.
5		
6	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT POSITION?
7	A.	I am employed by AT&T Services, Inc., as an Area Manager-Regulatory Planning and
8		Policy in AT&T's Global Public Policy group.
9		
10	Q.	WHO ARE YOU TESTIFYING FOR IN THIS CAUSE?
11	A.	I am testifying on behalf of Illinois Bell Telephone Company ("AT&T Illinois").
12		
13	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR JOB RESPONSIBILITIES?
14	A.	My responsibilities include the development of Universal Service Fund ("USF") policy in
15		all of AT&T's jurisdictions, including Illinois.
16		
17	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND.
18	A.	I hold Bachelors Degrees in Telecommunications and in Political Science from the
19		University of Oregon. I have also done graduate level coursework in Communications at
20		the University of Iowa, and in Political Science at Portland State University.
21		
22	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY WORK
23		EXPERIENCE.

A. I have approximately twenty three years of telecommunications experience. In 1988, I began my career in the telephone industry at the National Exchange Carrier Association ("NECA") in the Industry Relations organization. I was responsible for developing Average Schedule methods and procedures, analyzing the impact of new technologies on the NECA member companies, developing special settlements for carriers implementing new technologies (e.g. Equal Access and SS7) and reviewing and analyzing Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") rule changes. I also assisted in the development of the NECA Access Charge Handbook.

In 1992, I joined Bell Atlantic (now Verizon) and worked in a variety of regulatory roles both at Bell Atlantic-West Virginia and Bell Atlantic Corporate in Maryland. My responsibilities included regulatory support, intercarrier settlement, regulatory finance and marketing.

In 1997, I joined American Communications Services, Inc. ("ACSI"), later known as e.spire Communications, Inc., and now as Xspedius Management Company, as the Director of Carrier Management. My responsibilities with ACSI included wholesale billing, the development of reciprocal compensation policy, billing methods and the billing of reciprocal compensation, industry relations, and the creation and management of its telco cost control organization.

In 1998, I left ACSI to provide executive consulting services to competitive local exchange carriers ("CLECs") and to a small incumbent local exchange carrier ("ILEC"). This consulting work involved several subjects, including intercarrier compensation, and billing and cost control operations matters.

In July 2000, I joined the AT&T (formerly SBC) family of companies. I am a member of AT&T's Global Public Policy group and work on various policy analysis and development matters, particularly universal service issues, and often serve as AT&T's corporate policy witness on universal service fund matters. I also participate in the development and analysis of corporate policy for intercarrier compensation (i.e., reciprocal compensation and access charges) and have previously participated in the development of corporate policy for advanced services.

Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE REGULATORY COMMISSIONS?

A. Yes. I have filed testimony before this Commission in Docket No. 04-0354 (Alhambra-Grantfork Telephone Company, Petition for Universal Service Support ("the Alhambra proceeding")), and before the Missouri Public Service Commission, the Public Utility Commission of Nevada, the Oklahoma Corporation Commission, the Kansas Corporation Commission, the Arkansas Public Service Commission and the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission. I have also participated in workshops at the Oklahoma

Corporation Commission, the Public Utility Commission of Texas, the California Public 66 67 Utility Commission, the Arkansas Public Service Commission, the Kansas Corporation 68 Commission, the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission, the Georgia Public Service 69 Commission, the Florida Public Service Commission, the South Carolina Public Service 70 Commission, the Arizona Corporation Commission, the Nevada Public Utility 71 Commission, and the Missouri Public Service Commission. 72 73 Q. WERE YOU INVOLVED IN THE ORIGINAL ILLINOIS USF PROCEEDINGS, 74 DOCKET NOS. 00-0233 AND 00-0335 (CONSOLIDATED) ("THE 0233 USF 75 PROCEEDING") THAT LED TO THE CREATION OF THE SECTION 13-301(D) USF FUND AND, IF SO, WHAT WAS YOUR INVOLVEMENT? 76 77 I became involved in the AT&T Illinois filings starting in 2002, shortly after the A. 78 Commission had issued its Second Interim Order in the 0233 USF proceeding. In my 79 role as a USF subject matter expert with the company, I worked with the AT&T Illinois 80 regulatory team contributing to, and reviewing, the filings made in the consolidated 81 proceeding. 82 83 Q: WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY? 84 A: The purpose of my testimony is to provide support for the adoption by the Commission 85 of the Stipulation and Agreement entered into by the Illinois Independent Telephone 86 Association ("IITA") and AT&T Illinois ("the Stipulation"). That Stipulation was 87 attached to the Petition that was filed by the IITA to initiate one of these two consolidated 88 proceedings—Docket No. 11-0211—and was subsequently amended on May 5, 2011.

My testimony will provide an overview of the Stipulation. Larry Bax, the second witness testifying on behalf of AT&T Illinois, will discuss the portions of the Stipulation that address access charges. More specifically, he will explain why the mirroring of interstate access charges is good public policy.

Q: DID YOU REVIEW THE STIPULATION?

96 A: Yes.

A:

Q: PLEASE OUTLINE BRIEFLY WHAT THE STIPULATION PROVIDES.

The Stipulation provides for a review and update of the IITA carriers' Illinois USF high cost support. The methodology used is an updated forward-looking HAI Cost model combined with a rate of return review. This methodology was previously utilized to set up the IUSF in the 0233 proceeding. The companies that were granted support in that proceeding made their application based on year 2000 financial results as adjusted by the orders in that proceeding. Under the Stipulation, the funded companies would utilize the same rate-of-return methodology from that proceeding to establish a need and their qualification to update the basic elements of the IUSF. In calculating the increased amounts of support sought, the IITA utilized as inputs: 1) 2009 financial results with adjustments for 2010; 2) an after tax cost of capital of 12.60% for telephone cooperatives or 11.21% for small commercial companies; and 3) an affordable rate of \$20.39 per month. As indicated in the Stipulation, the adjustments would result in an increase in the

overall USF size. However, the increase is less than what the increase would have been as shown in revised Exhibit 2 to the Stipulation.

Additionally, the Stipulation also requires the participating IITA carriers to adjust their intrastate switched access rates to levels that mirror their respective interstate switched access rates and structure. For purposes of the Stipulation, the HAI Cost Model is again used to determine the legislatively permitted proxy cost and to determine the amounts of subsidy in switched access rates in the same manner as the HAI was utilized to establish the basic elements of the IUSF in the Second Interim Order in the 0233 Proceeding. The Stipulation provides for the creation of an access restructuring element of the fund that would enable the IITA companies to receive explicit support for decreases in revenue resulting from the change in their respective intrastate access rates.

Q:

A:

WHY IS AT&T ILLINOIS SUPPORTING THE STIPULATION?

AT&T Illinois supports the Stipulation for several reasons. First, it comports with prior Commission USF orders. While AT&T Illinois does not necessarily agree with the methodologies adopted in the 0233 USF proceeding, the Stipulation limits the IITA members relief to what was agreed to in the Stipulation, which is less than what is indicated is needed using those methodologies. At the same time, the Stipulation provides an opportunity for future adjustments to the IUSF to ensure that it is consistent with Section 13-301 of the Illinois statute and with Orders that may be entered by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") in the future. Second, there are tradeoffs in the Stipulation which seem reasonable. Specifically, the Stipulation addresses

AT&T's concerns about the level of the IITA members' intrastate switched access charges. Under the Stipulation, the IITA members' respective intrastate switched access rates would immediately be adjusted to mirror their respective interstate switched access rates and structure. As Mr. Bax discusses more fully in his testimony, it is sound public policy that intrastate switched access should mirror the corresponding interstate rates and structure. Third, as Mr. Bax also discusses in his testimony, the mirroring of interstate rates that would be required if the Stipulation is approved, would be consistent with last year's rewrite of Article 13, pursuant to which all other ILECs (those with more than 35,000 lines) and all CLECs in Illinois are required to mirror their respective interstate switched access rates and structure. In sum, I believe that the Stipulation is on the whole a reasonable approach, at this time, to update the Illinois USF support levels and to address access charge issues.

Q:

A.

YOU MENTIONED THAT YOU BELIEVE THE STIPULATION COMPLIES WITH THE METHODOLOGIES ADOPTED BY THE COMMISSION IN ITS PRIOR ORDERS IN THE 0233 USF PROCEEDING AND THE ALHAMBRA ORDER IN 04-0354. PLEASE EXPLAIN.

The Stipulation, as it relates to high cost support: 1) includes a modification to the original form 1.01 (See Agreement Exhibit 1) that provides for an adjustment to the IITA carriers' network costs to address the impact of the lag in federal USF ("FUSF") support; 2) does not guarantee recipients IUSF support based on a level of rate of return ("ROR") used in the 0233 USF proceeding; and 3) otherwise provides for adjustments to deal with

156 broadband costs reported by the carrier, if the carrier's data does not comply with the 157 FCC's cost allocation methodologies regarding broadband costs. 158 159 While AT&T Illinois does not necessarily agree with the methodologies adopted in the 160 0233 USF proceeding, the use of the 0233 USF proceeding provides a reasonable result 161 within the context of the Stipulation; it permits the IITA members to obtain additional 162 funding, something they have indicated is needed. As the Commission noted in the 163 Alhambra proceeding, the Commission is not precluded from employing the same criteria 164 used in the 0233 USF proceeding to determine the carrier's IUSF support amounts, 165 though it was clear that it was not required by prior orders or statute to use the same 166 criteria. 167 168 YOU MENTIONED THAT THE STIPULATION PROVIDES FOR AN Q: 169 ADJUSTMENT TO THE IITA CARRIERS' NETWORK COSTS TO ADDRESS 170 THE LAG IN FUSF SUPPORT. CAN YOU EXPLAIN WHAT YOU MEAN BY 171 **LAG IN FUSF SUPPORT?** 172 A: The FUSF High Cost Loop ("HCL") support provides rural carriers financial support for 173 the carrier's loop costs if the loop cost exceeds 115% of the National Average Cost Per 174 Loop ("NACPL"). The data used to provide the HCL in a given year is based on the 175 carrier's cost data from two years prior to the year the carrier receives the actual support. 176 WHY IS IT IMPORTANT TO MAKE AN ADJUSTMENT TO ADDRESS THE 177 Q: 178 LAG IN FUSF HCL SUPPORT?

179	A:	If adjustments to the network investment are not made, the network costs are included in
180		the carrier's revenue requirements, but the future revenue from FUSF high cost loops
181		support is not accounted for when developing the carrier's state USF support amount.
182		
183	Q.	HOW IS THE LAG IN FUSF HIGH COST LOOP SUPPORT DEALT WITH IN
184		THE STIPULATION?
185	A.	As noted in paragraph seven of the Stipulation, the calculation of the Illinois USF high
186		cost support will be updated based upon 2009 actual results with allowable adjustments
187		for 2010. The IITA carriers agreed to make adjustments to their cost data to account for
188		recent network investments.
189		
190	Q.	HOW ARE THE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH BROADBAND TREATED IN
191		THE STIPULATION?
192	A:	Most of the carriers used the FCC's Part 64 cost allocation rules to allocate their
193		regulated and non-regulated costs. The few that did not use Part 64 cost allocation rules
194		to allocate their costs agreed to make adjustments to their cost data on the Form 1.01 as
195		follows:
196		The IITA carriers agreed to make certain that the cost and revenue associated with all of
197		their services are in sync. This will be done by ensuring that the revenue from a service
198		is included in the form 1.01 if the cost of the service is included in the form 1.01.
199		
200	Q.	ARE THE IITA CARRIERS GUARANTEED AN 11.21% RATE OF RETURN BY
201		THE STIPULATION?

202 No, the support calculated in the Stipulation results in a ROR of 9.34%, which is lower A: 203 than the 11.21% that the IUSF currently provides for. The Stipulation does not guarantee 204 that the carriers will receive the ROR previously used in the 0233 USF proceeding. The 205 IITA carriers are not precluded from earning the previously approved ROR, but they are 206 not guaranteed the higher ROR pursuant to the IUSF. 207 208 O: HOW DOES THE STIPULATION ADDRESS FUTURE CHANGES AS A RESULT OF FCC ORDERS OR GENERAL CHANGES IN THE INDUSTRY? 209 210 A: The Stipulation recognizes that the FCC is investigating federal universal service reform, 211 intercarrier compensation reform and issues related to the National Broadband Plan. 212 Language was included in the Stipulation that provides that any party that believes that 213 changes at the federal level necessitate changes to the IUSF may petition for a review if 214 the Commission has not already initiated such a proceeding on its own motion. If the 215 Illinois Commission has not initiated a review within three years from the date the 216 Commission approves an updated IUSF, either the Commission on its own motion or any 217 party to the proceeding may initiate a review and further updating. 218 219 Q: DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY? 220 A: Yes.